

Harnessing the Power of Geophysical Imaging to Recharge California's Groundwater



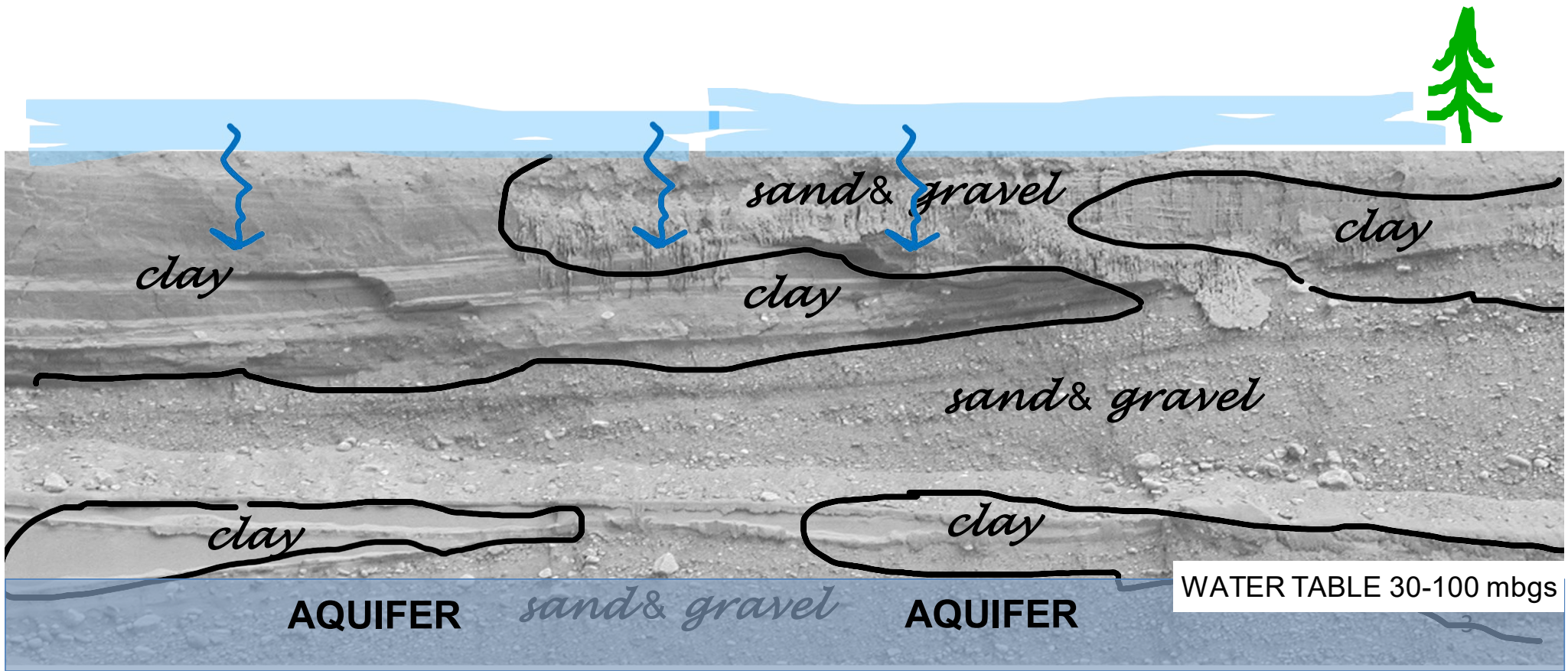
Rosemary Knight (Professor, Geophysics Dept., Stanford University)

Harnessing the Power of Geophysical Imaging to Recharge California's Groundwater

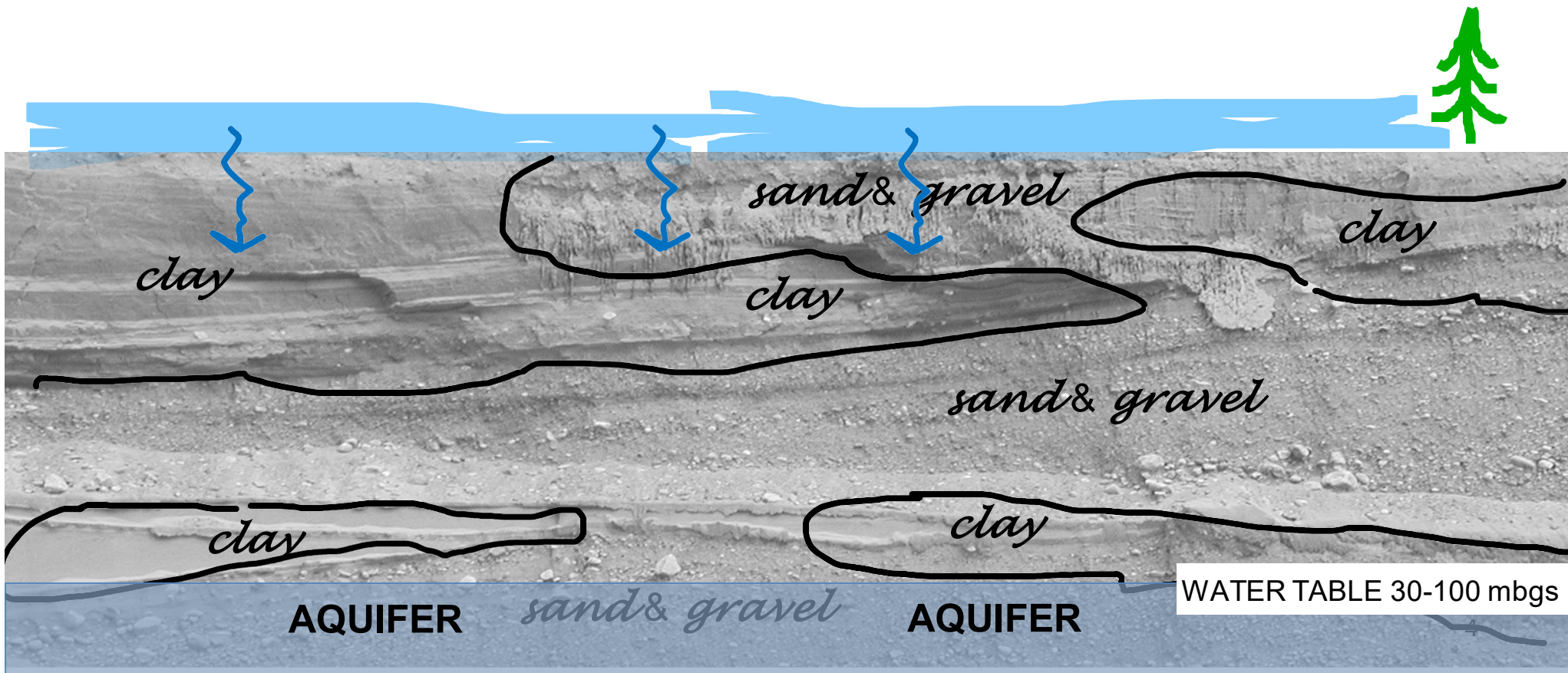


Rosemary Knight (Professor, Geophysics Dept., Stanford University)
Seogi Kang (Research Scientist, Geophysics Dept., Stanford University)
Meredith Goebel (Research Scientist, Geophysics Dept., Stanford University)

MANAGED AQUIFER RECHARGE (MAR)

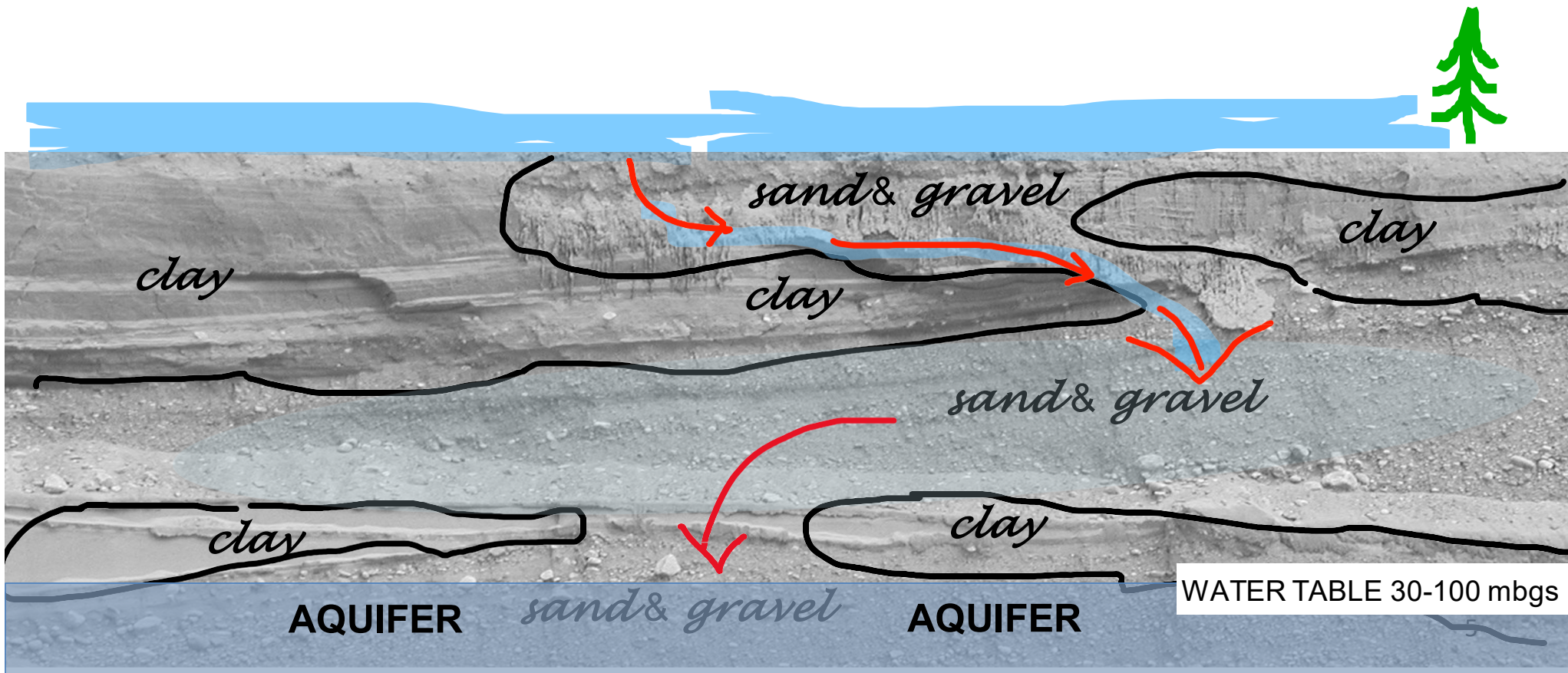


Where to recharge? to maximize quantity and rate of recharge

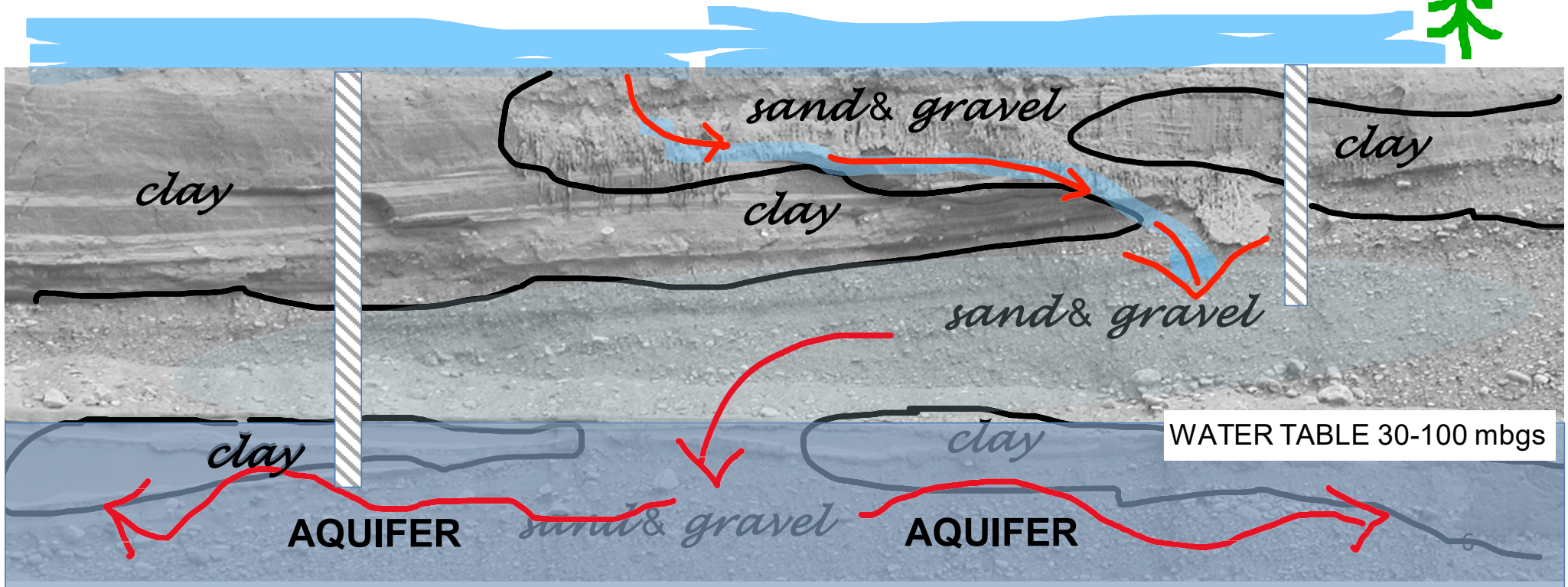


Where to recharge? to maximize quantity and rate of recharge

Sites where we have: inter-connected pathways of coarse-grained materials - *fastpaths*

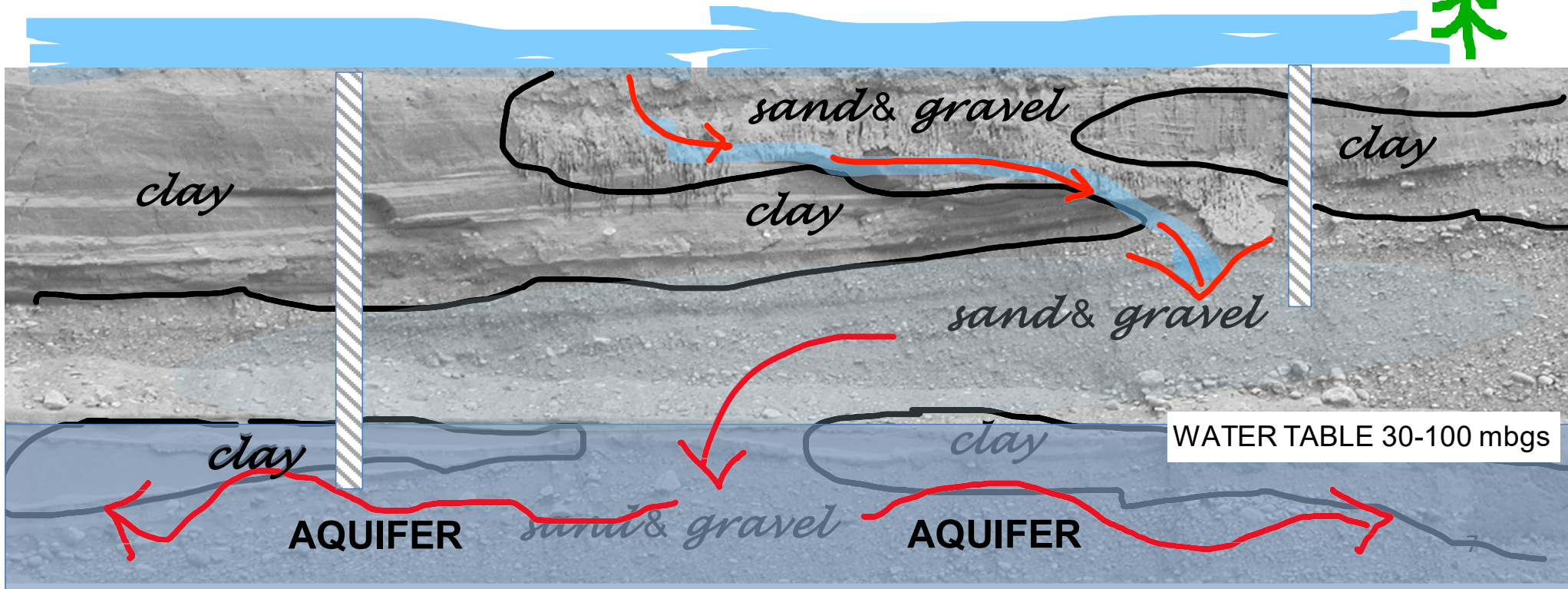


We need a fast, reliable, cost-effective way to find these fastpaths.



We need a fast, reliable, cost-effective way to find these fastpaths.

We need –
Geophysical Imaging





October 27, 2015

Linking what you measure to what is there



Electrical Resistivity π Model



sediment type



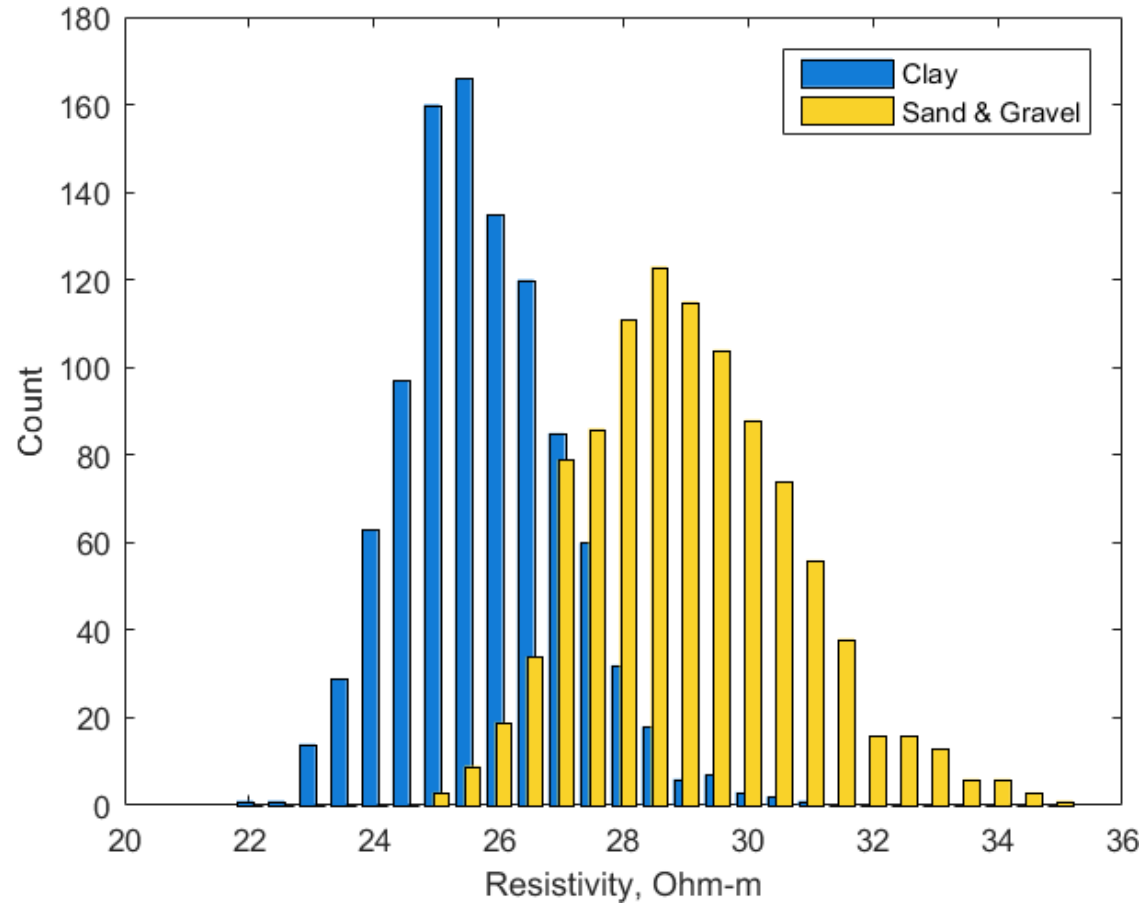
π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π
π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π
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π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π	π

Knight et al., 2018, Groundwater

Knight, Gottschalk, Dewar, 2021; Field-Scale Rock Physics for Near- Surface Applications, Encyclopedia of Geology, 2nd edition.

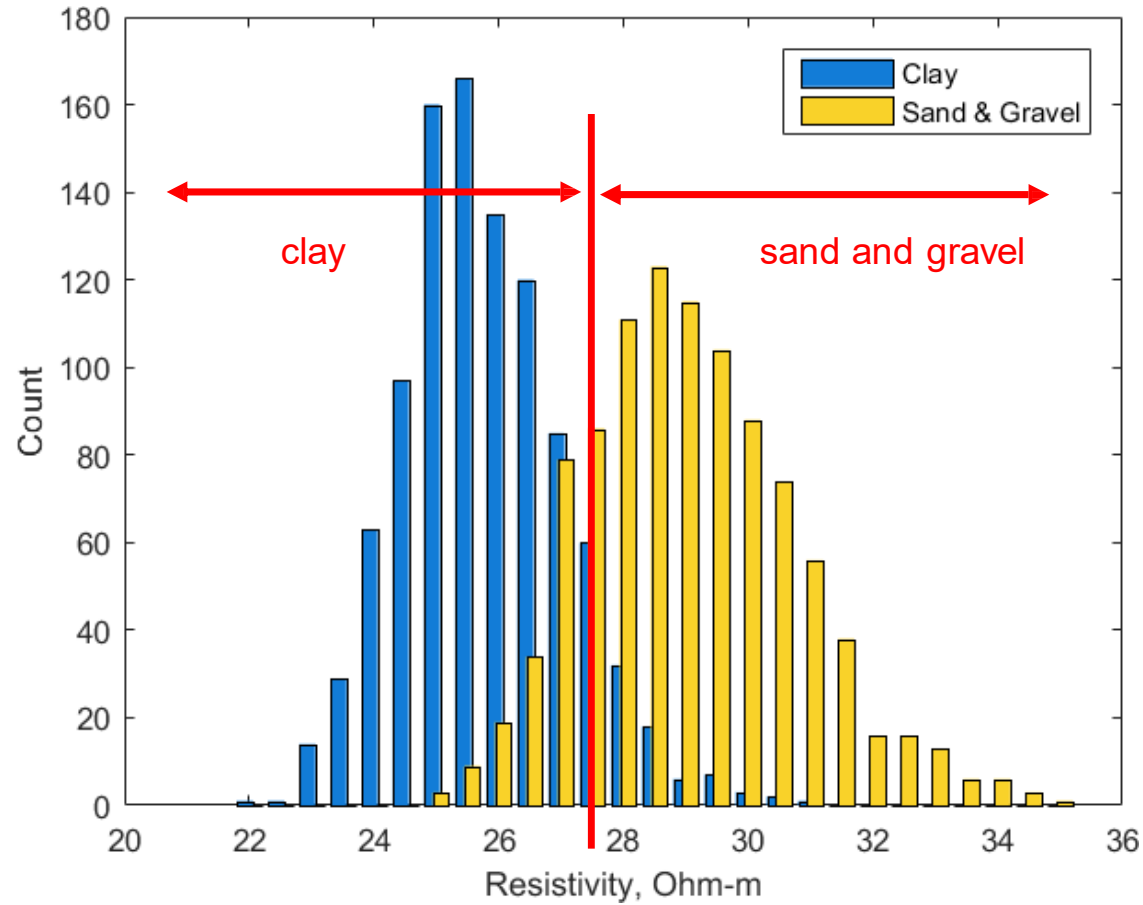
Linking what you measure to what is there

ABOVE THE WATER TABLE

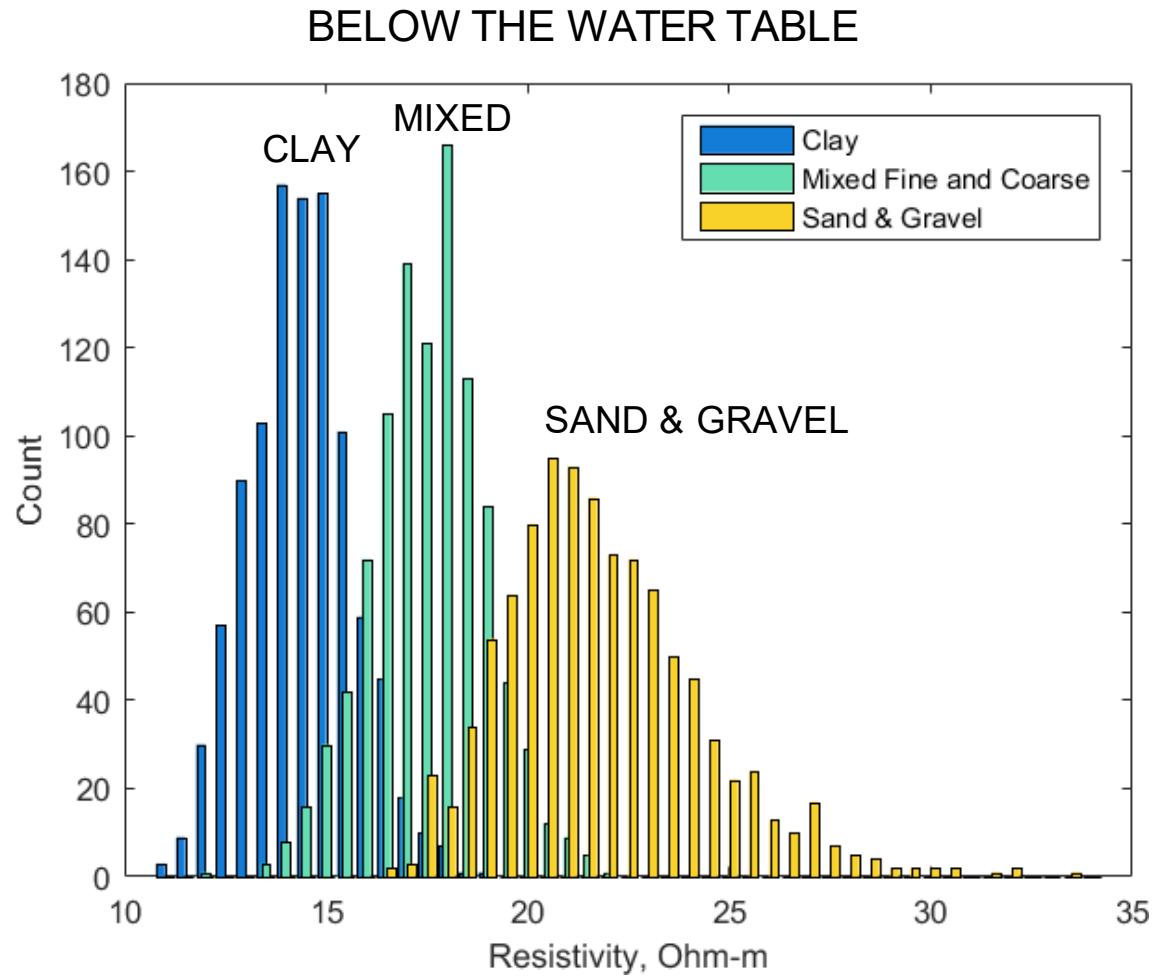


Linking what you measure to what is there

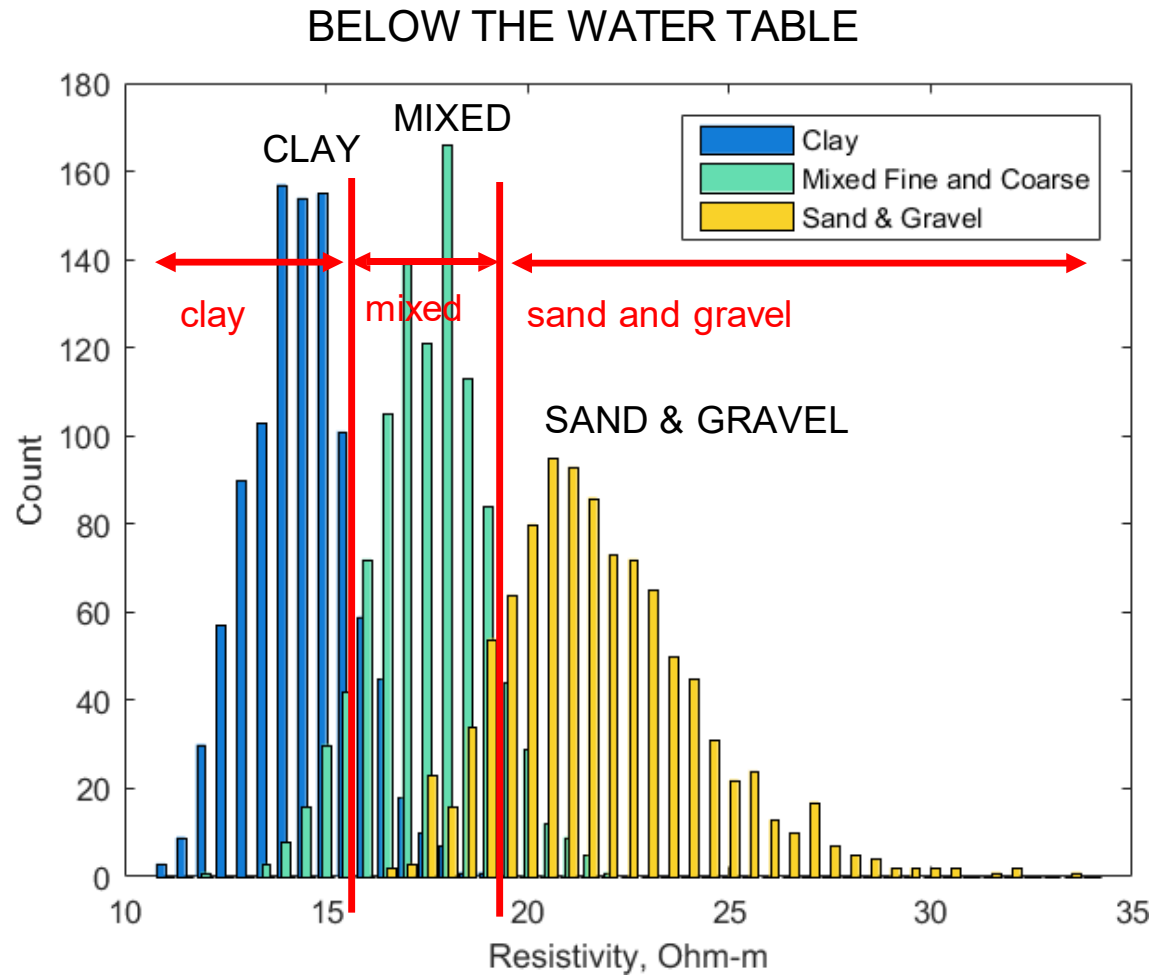
ABOVE THE WATER TABLE



Linking what you measure to what is there

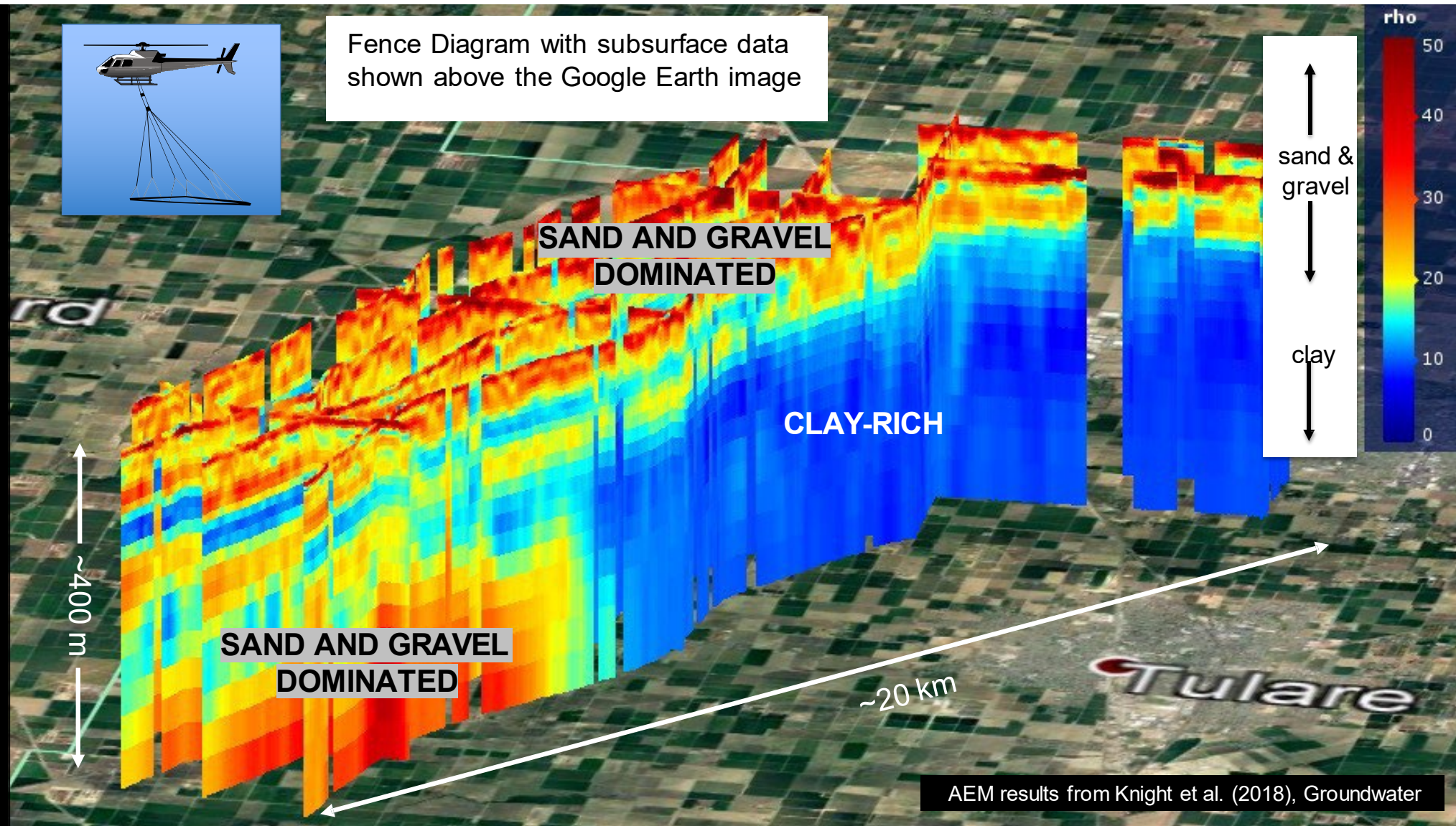


Linking what you measure to what is there





Fence Diagram with subsurface data shown above the Google Earth image



**SAND AND GRAVEL
DOMINATED**

CLAY-RICH

~400 m

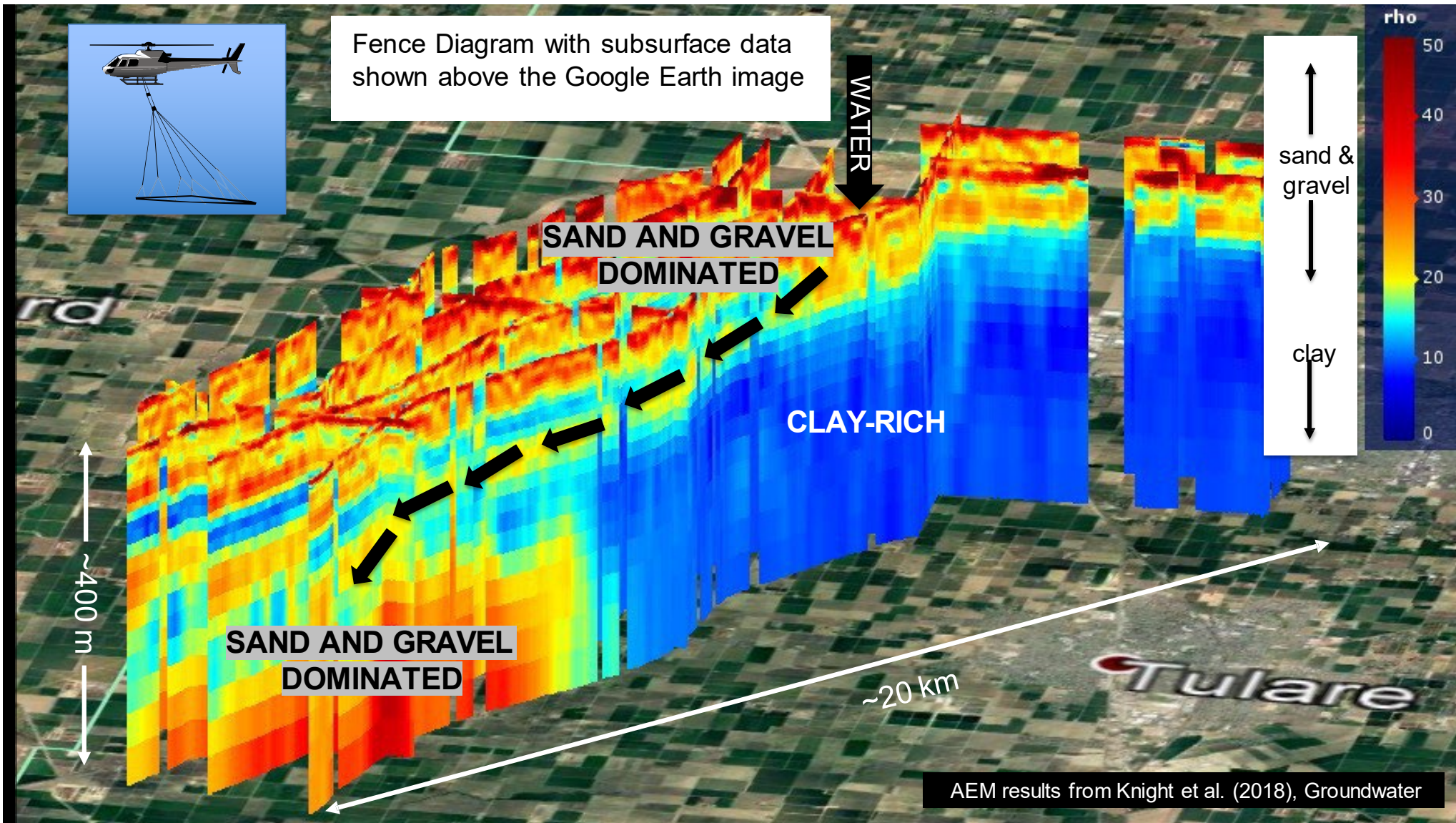
~20 km

**SAND AND GRAVEL
DOMINATED**



↑
sand & gravel
↓
clay
↓

AEM results from Knight et al. (2018), Groundwater



Fence Diagram with subsurface data shown above the Google Earth image



WATER

SAND AND GRAVEL DOMINATED

CLAY-RICH

↑ sand & gravel
↓ clay



~400 m

SAND AND GRAVEL DOMINATED

~20 km

AEM results from Knight et al. (2018), Groundwater

Where to recharge?

Let's tap into the natural infrastructure.



Central Valley

0 100 200 400 km

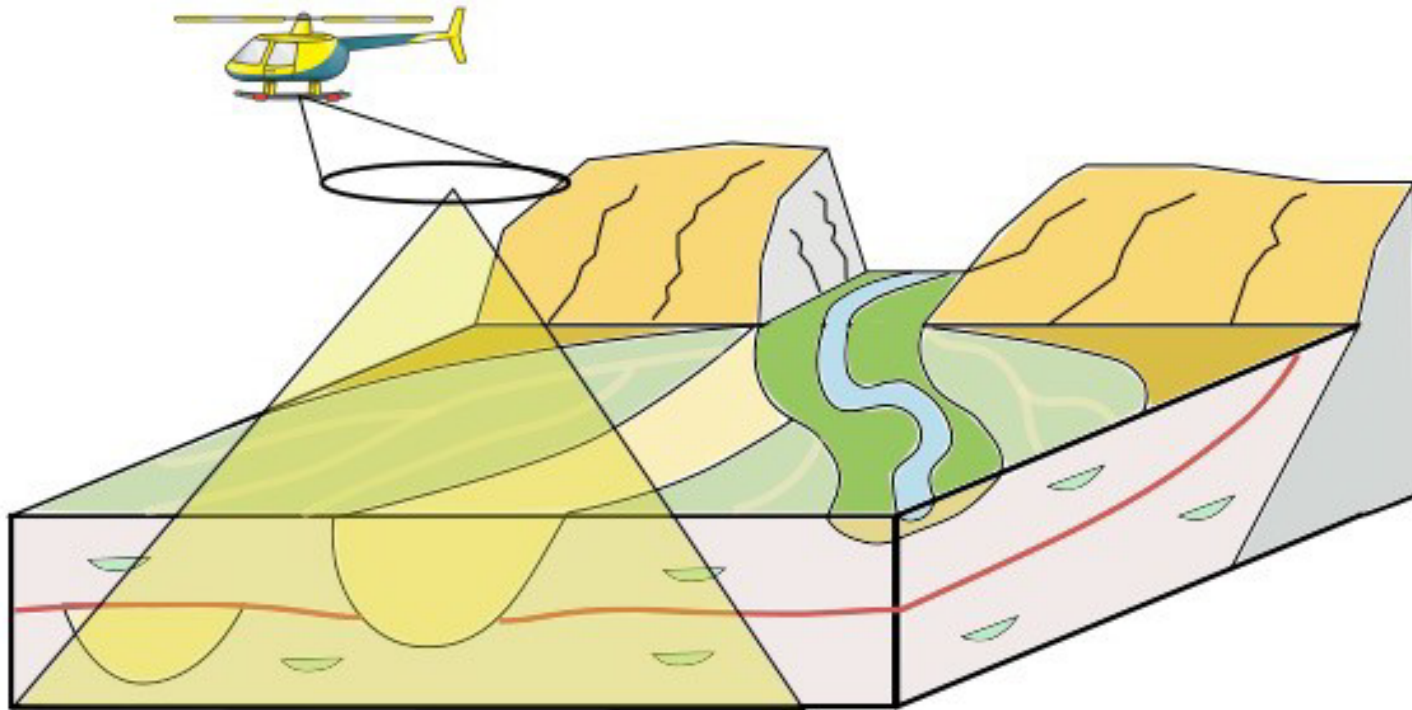
Where to recharge?

Let's tap into the natural infrastructure.

Massive paleovalleys along the eastern edge of the Central Valley.

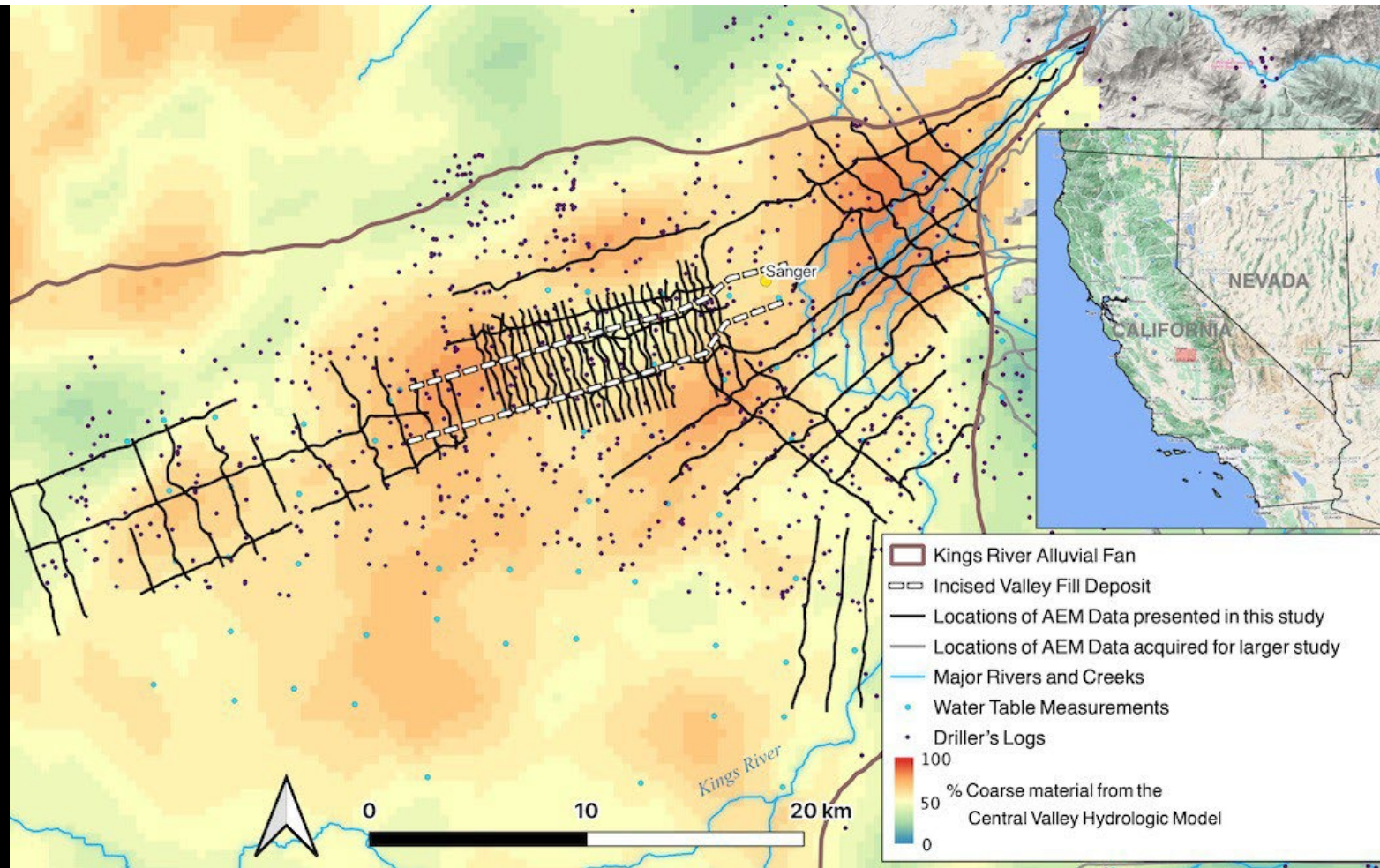


INCISED VALLEY FILL DEPOSITS



Example – in Kings River alluvial fan

Based on Weissmann et al., 2002, 2004



Knight, R., Steklova, K., Miltenberger, A., Kang, S., Goebel, M., and Fogg, G., 2022, Airborne geophysical method images fast paths for managed recharge of California's groundwater, *Environ. Res. Lett.* 17 124021, DOI 10.1088/1748-9326/aca344 (Open Access)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Ted Asch from Aqua Geo Frameworks, Ltd.

Gary Weissmann (University of New Mexico)

Kassy Chauhan, Executive Officer of North Kings Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA)

Phil Desatoff, General Manager of Central Kings GSA and Consolidated Irrigation District

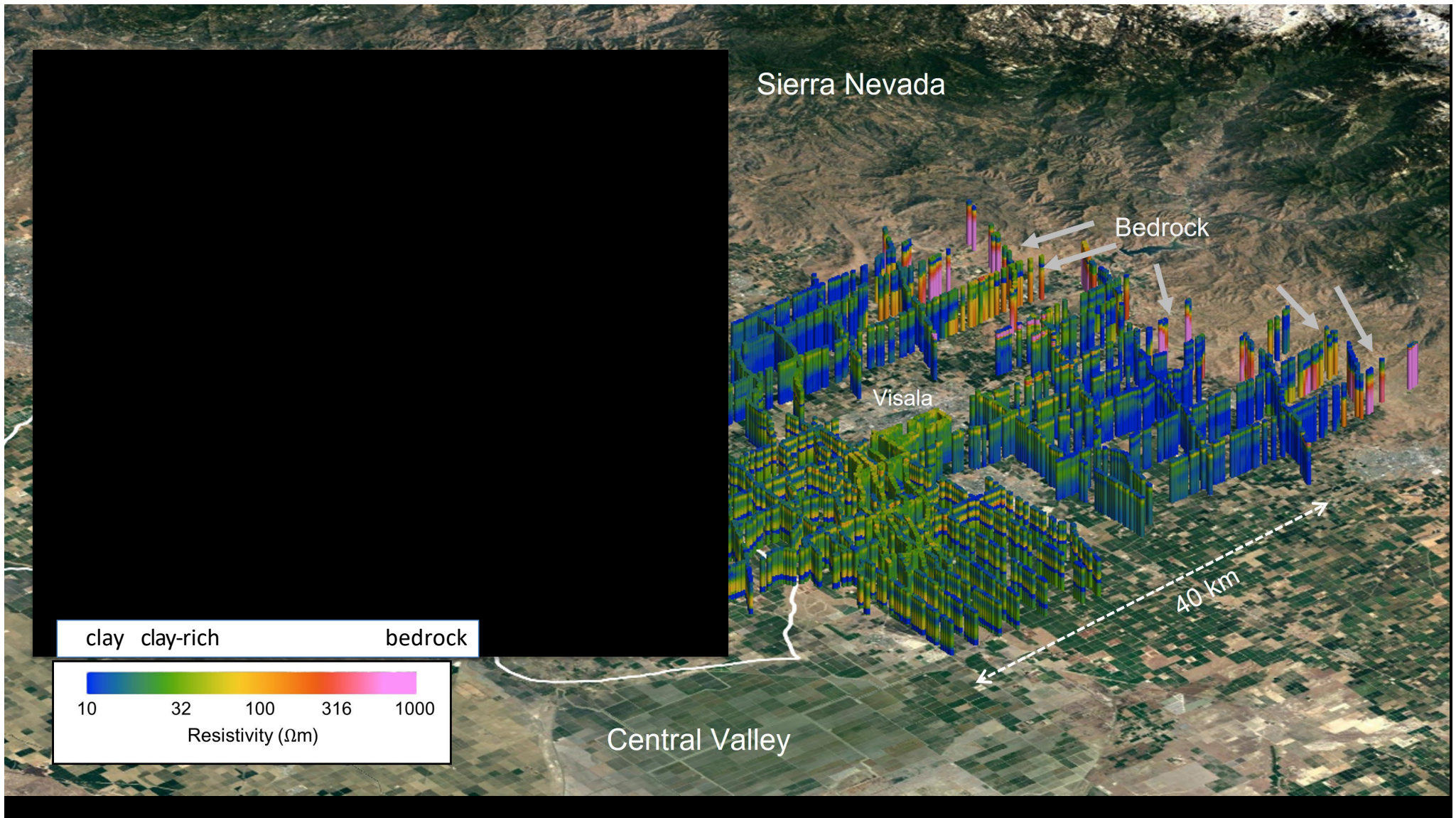
Chad Wegley, General Manager of Kings River East GSA and Alta Irrigation District

Josh Rogers, General Manager of South Kings GSA

We would also like to thank Phil Desatoff, Gavin O'Leary from the Provost and Prichard Consulting Group, and Chad Wegley for providing the additional water level measurements at the time of the AEM survey.

Knight, R., Steklova, K., Miltenberger, A., Kang, S., Goebel, M., and Fogg, G., 2022, Airborne geophysical method images fast paths for managed recharge of California's groundwater, Environ. Res. Lett. 17 124021, DOI 10.1088/1748-9326/aca344 (Open Access)





Sierra Nevada

Bedrock

Visala

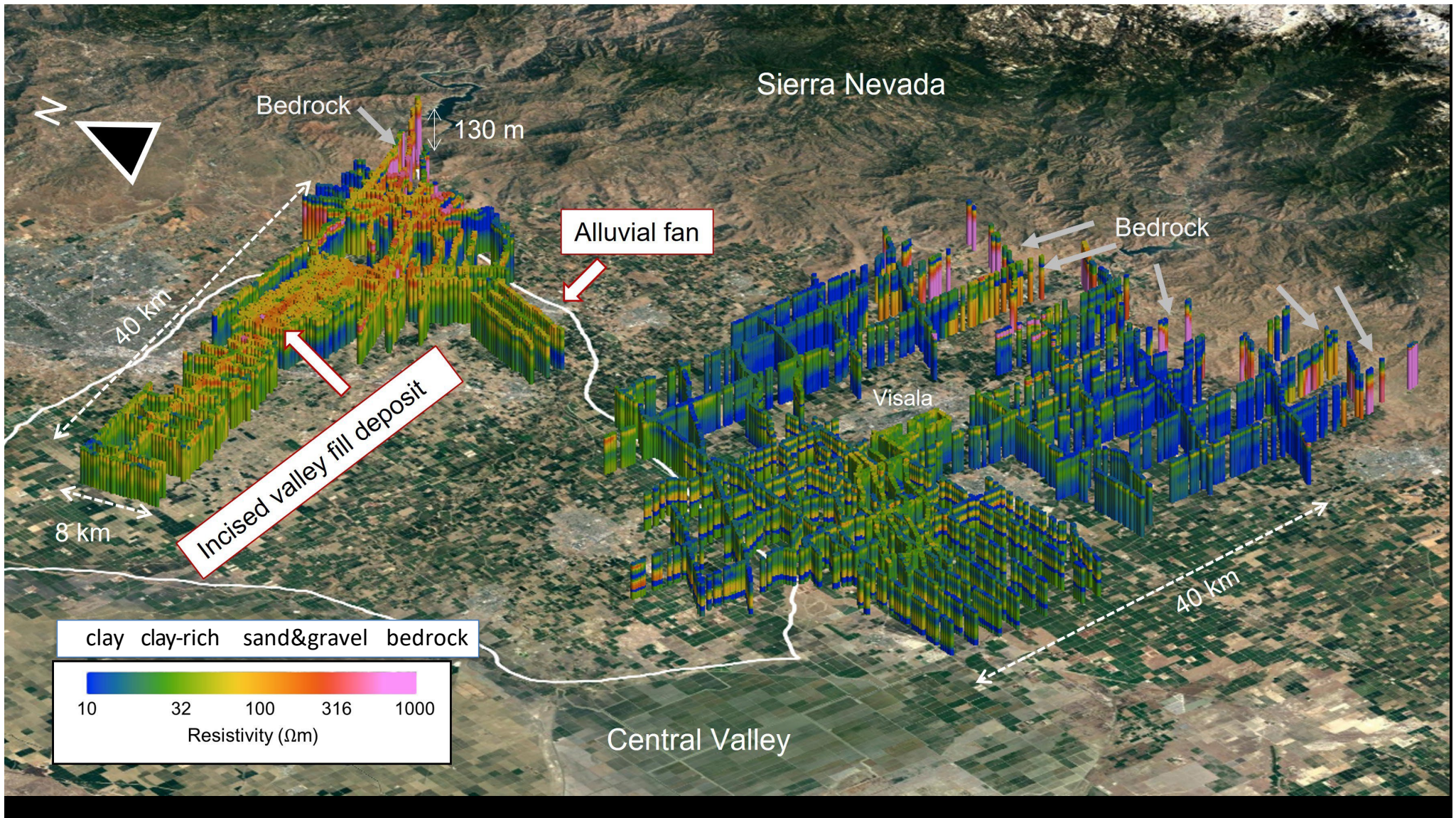
40 km

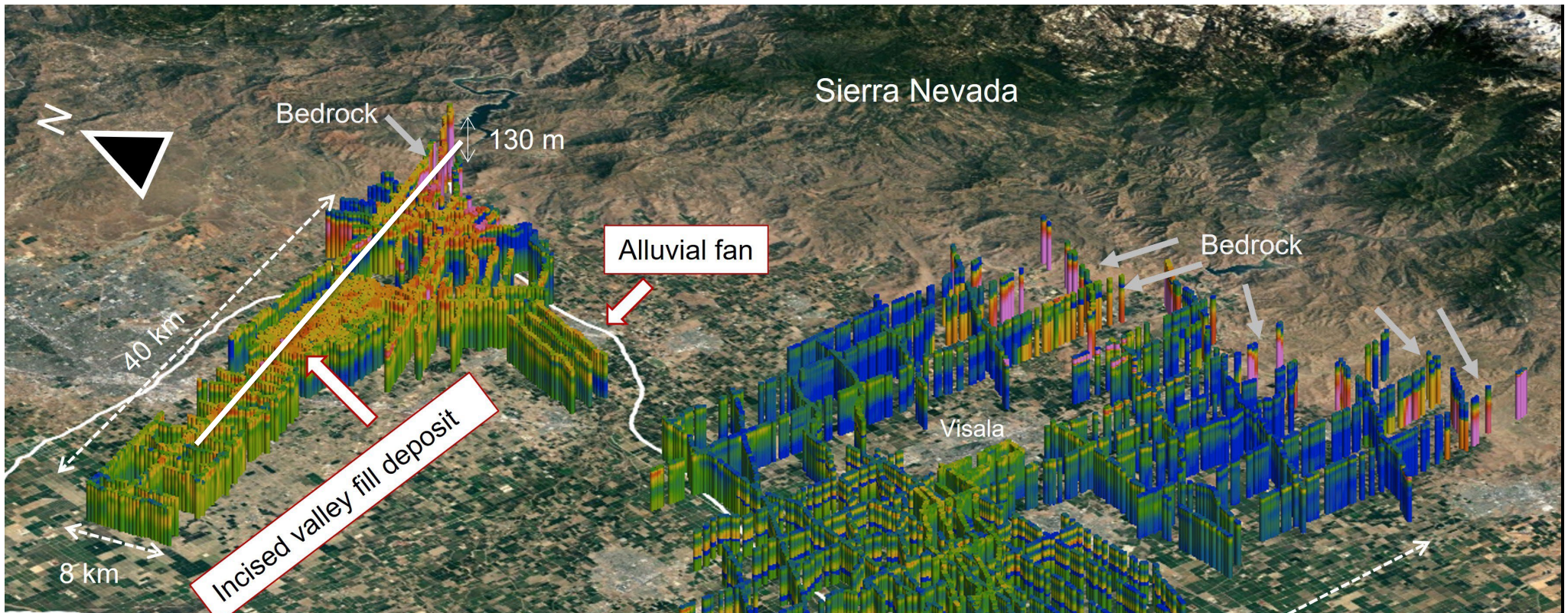
Central Valley

clay clay-rich bedrock

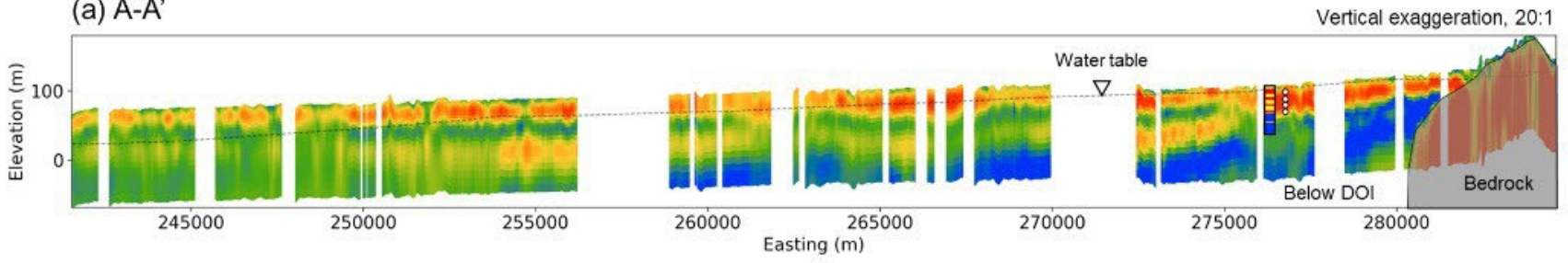
10 32 100 316 1000

Resistivity (Ωm)





(a) A-A'



Nov 2016 - Whitepaper sent to Governor's Office of Planning and Research

Acquisition of Airborne Electromagnetic Data in the Groundwater Basins of California: Initial Assessment of a Statewide Reconnaissance Project

Rosemary Knight (Stanford University)

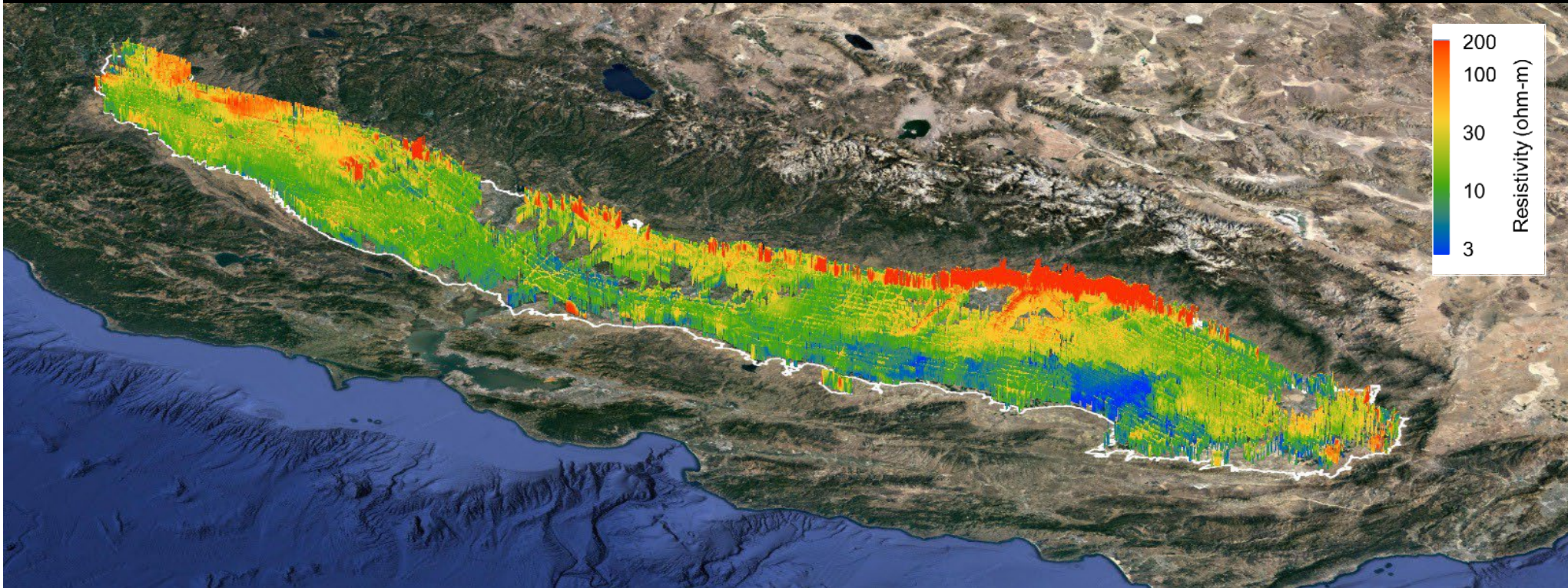
Paul Gosselin (Butte County Dept. of Water and Resource Conservation)

Graham Fogg (UC Davis)

1 November, 2016

California has embarked on a historic journey to achieve groundwater sustainability through the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). Local agencies are vested with the responsibility for achieving sustainability. For most of the state, the basis for making decisions lacks sufficient understanding of the structure of groundwater basins. Traditional methods of characterizing aquifers are slow, expensive and insufficient. There is a well-established geophysical method, the airborne electromagnetic (AEM) method, which has the potential to make a significant contribution to the way we map and manage groundwater systems in

Released December 22, 2022 by California Department of Water Resources:
25,000 kilometers of Airborne Electromagnetic (AEM) data



AEM Data from California Department of Water Resources and Stanford Environmental Geophysics

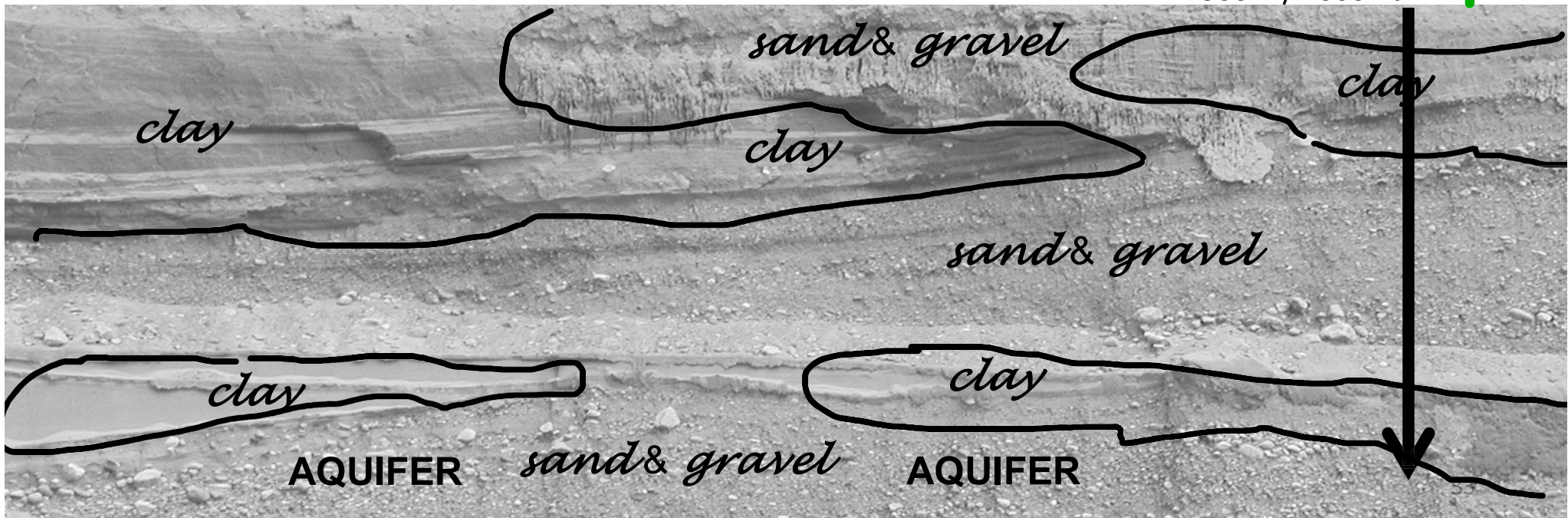
We need a fast, reliable, cost-effective way to find these pathways.



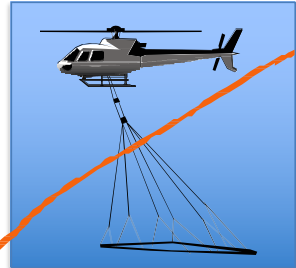
AIRBORNE EM: AEM



DEPTH = 300 m / 1000 ft



We need a fast, reliable, cost-effective way to find these pathways.



AIRBORNE EM: AEM

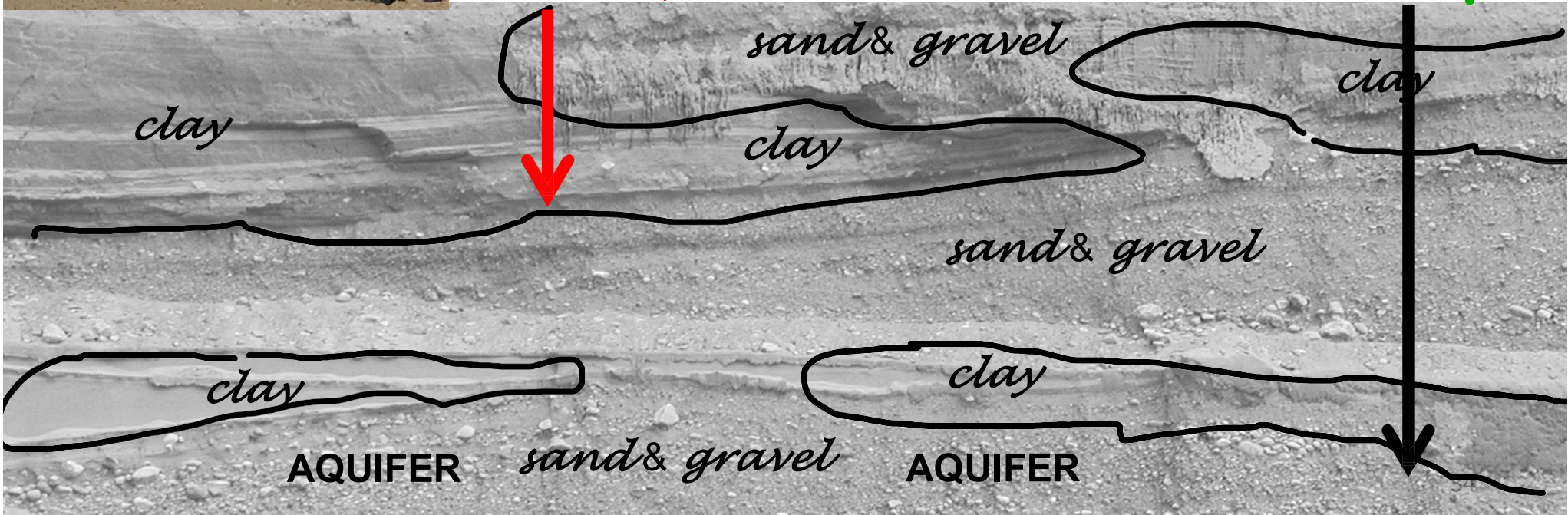


TOWED EM: tTEM



DEPTH = 50 m / 150 ft

DEPTH = 300 m / 1000 ft





Aaron Fukuda

Recharge Basin

Sites for Recharge



Kara Baker

On-Farm Recharge



River Partners

Floodplain Restoration

October 2017 – tTEM comes to California

Thanks to Aaron Fukuda for the great drone video shots -

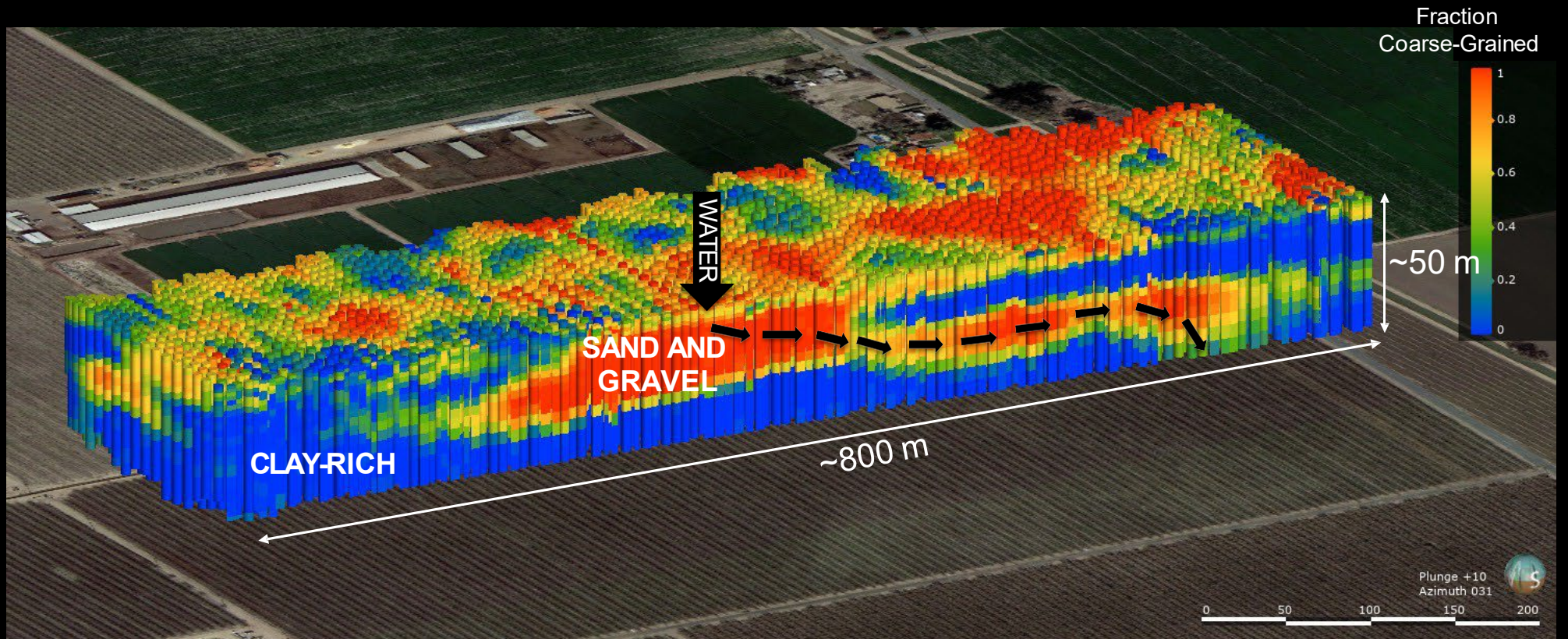
Esben - Rosemary - Ahmad - Meredith



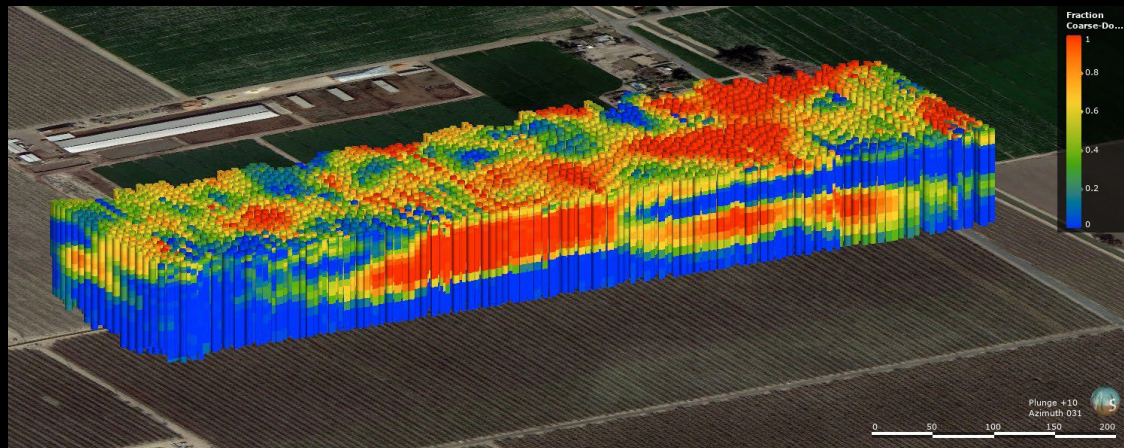
Behroozmand, A., Auken, E., Knight, R., Assessment of managed recharge using a new geophysical imaging method, *Vadose Zone Journal*, 18 (1), 2019.



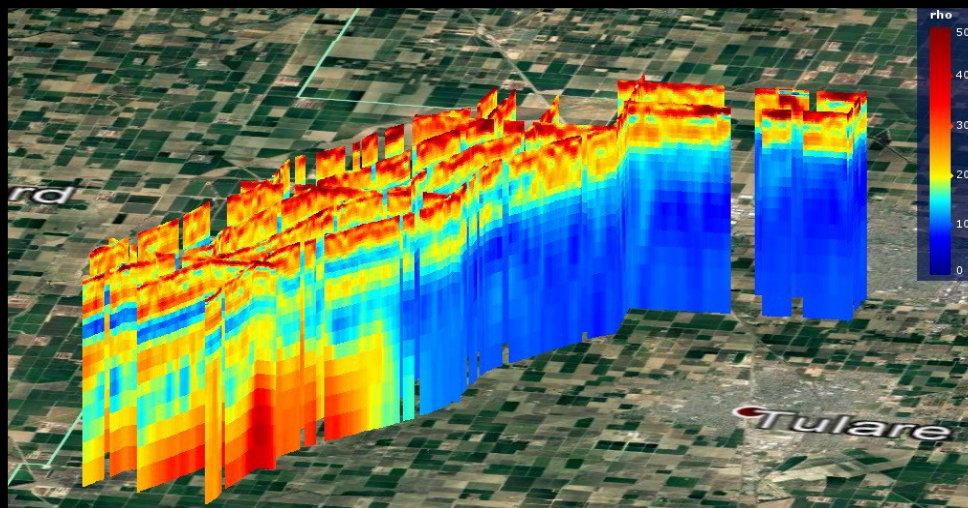
Using Cone Penetrometer Testing, we can obtain from our tTEM data in the almond grove -



tTEM results from Goebel and Knight (2021), Vadose Zone Journal

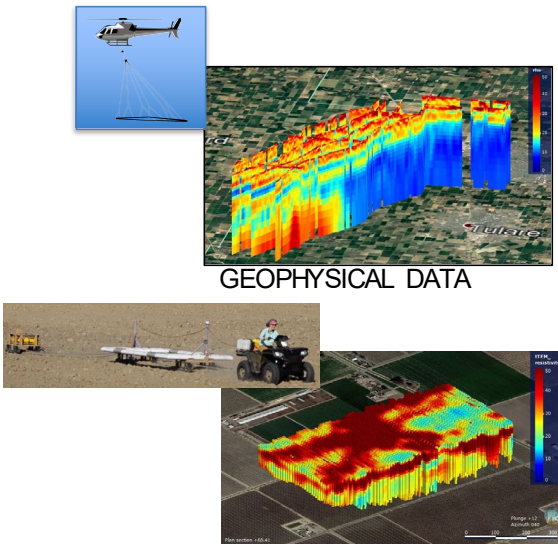


How can we efficiently find the coarse-grained pathways?

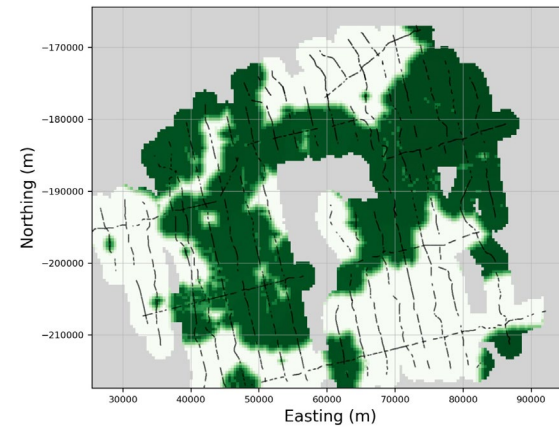


Pepin, Knight, Goebel, Kang, Vadose Zone Journal, 2022

WEB-BASED APPLICATION



MAPS OF AREAS (GREEN = RECHARGE here)



**Stanford
Doerr**

School of
Sustainability

Recharging California's Groundwater

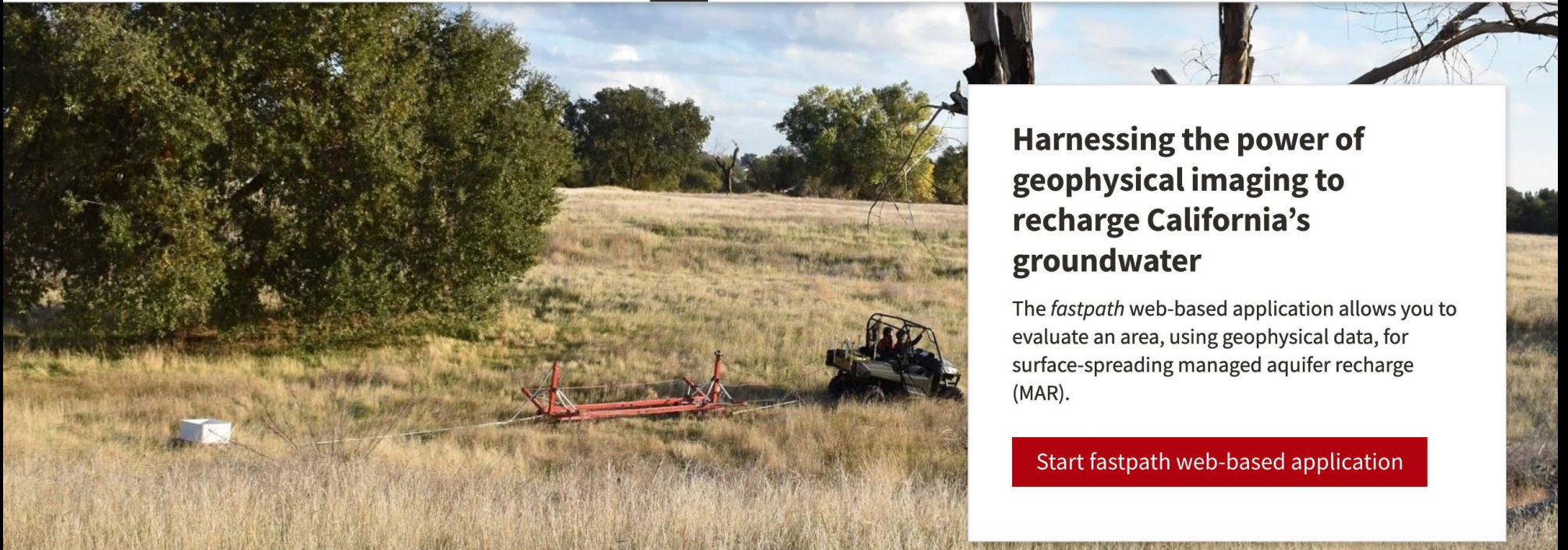
Fastpath web-based application & online course

[Home](#)

[Project Participants](#)

[Online course](#)

[Presentations & Publications](#)



Harnessing the power of geophysical imaging to recharge California's groundwater

The *fastpath* web-based application allows you to evaluate an area, using geophysical data, for surface-spreading managed aquifer recharge (MAR).

[Start fastpath web-based application](#)

fastpath.stanford.edu

Completed in collaboration with



Co-I: **Paul Godwin** - Deputy Director for Sustainable Groundwater Management, DWR

Co-I: **Mike Lepech** – Professor, CEE, 10 years of experience working with SCPD delivering training

Tim Godwin – Technical and Policy Advisor to the Deputy Director of Sustainable Groundwater Management, DWR

Aaron Fukuda – Manager, Tulare Irrigation District

Kassy Chauhun - Executive Director, North Kings GSA (Fresno County)

Christina Buck - Assistant Director, Butte County Water and Resource Conservation Department

Matt Zidar - Water Resources Manager, San Joaquin Department of Public Works - AEM/tTEM for recharge

Charlotte Gallock - Director of Water Resources/Chief Engineer, Kings River Conservation District

Julie Rentner – President, River Partners – focus on floodplain restoration

Jenny Marr - Division of Planning, DWR

Jesse Roseman - Principal Analyst, Environmental and Regulatory Affairs, Almond Board of California

Paul Bauman - Principal Geophysicist, BCG Engineering, Inc.

Derrick Williams - Montgomery and Associates

This application capitalizes on eight years of academic investment by Rosemary Knight's [Environmental Geophysics Research Group](#) at Stanford, in partnership with others throughout the state, to advance the use of geophysical methods to image the groundwater systems of California. The value of the application is due, in large part, to the tremendous success of the state-wide airborne geophysical surveys conducted by the California Department of Water Resources, and the rapid processing of acquired data and distribution of the results.



Acknowledgements - Funded by:

Stanford School of Earth, Energy and
Environmental Sciences

The Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation

Local Water Agencies

Almond Board of California

Stanford Woods Institute for the
Environment

CA Dept of Water Resources
State Water Resources Control Board
Danish EPA

The Accelerator, Stanford Doerr School for
Sustainability



And why this all happened –

Students

Post-Doctoral Fellows

Research Scientists

Many Partners

See gemcenter.stanford.edu